UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/848,259	05/04/2001	Daniel R. Jeske	2925-0575P	6336
30594 HARNESS DI	7590 12/11/2007		EXAMINER	
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 8910			AGHDAM, FRESHTEH N	
RESTON, VA	20195	·	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE	
			2611	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/11/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/848,259	JESKE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
<u> </u>	Freshteh N. Aghdam	2611
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v.  Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Street  2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the condition of the practice of the condition is in the practice of the condition of the condit	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1.3 and 5 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 2 and 4 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li> </ul>		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the because of bythe because of because of the because	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

09/848,259

Art Unit: 2611

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 9/19/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

### Applicant's Arguments:

Regarding claims 1, 3, and 5, page 4, the applicant argues that SNR estimation is different than SINR estimation. Moreover, the applicant argues that Raheli and Milan neither alone or in combination does not suggest or teach the limitation of "converting the received plurality of data symbol samples into plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples based on the estimated polarities; and generating an SINR estimate based on the plurality of quasi-pilot symbols samples such that the SINR estimate is not dependent only on the polarities of the plurality of received data symbol samples."

#### Examiner's Response:

Regarding the first argument set forth above, the examiner disagrees with the applicant because SNR and SINR are interchangeable concepts depending on what considered as noise (e.g. noise is modeled as only additive white Gaussian noise or noise is modeled as additive white Gaussian noise plus interference when the interference could be ISI, ACI, and so forth). The applicant models noise as only the additive white Gaussian noise (e.g. SINR is equated to SNR) see page 2, lines 14-17.

Regarding the second argument set forth above, the examiner disagrees with the applicant and believes that the combination of Raheli and Milan discloses the recited claimed limitation because Raheli discloses converting the received plurality of data

09/848,259

Art Unit: 2611

symbol samples into plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples in a differential receiver by performing differential decoding and utilizing phase shift keying modulation method; and generating a SNR estimate based on the plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples (e.g. based on the result of differential decoding; Col. 2, lines 20-23) and Milan discloses a differential receiver that estimates the polarities of the received symbol samples (Fig. 3, (94); because when BPSK modulation scheme is utilized only the polarity of the signal is modulated; therefore, the polarities/signs of the received data symbols are estimated in order for the received BPSK modulated signal to be demodulated) and based on the estimation result the differential decoding is performed (Fig. 3, (98)). Since differential decoding is dependent on both the BPSK demodulated received signal and the delayed BPSK demodulated signal; therefore, the SNR estimate is not dependent only on the polarities of the plurality of received data symbol samples.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raheli et al (US 6,389,079), and further in view of Milan et al (US 2006/0117127).

As to claims 1 and 3, Raheli discloses a method of and/ or apparatus for estimating signal to noise ratio that includes converting the received plurality of data

09/848,259

Art Unit: 2611

symbol samples into plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples in a differential receiver by performing differential decoding and utilizing phase shift keying modulation method; and generating a SNR estimate based on the plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples (e.g. based on the result of differential decoding; Col. 2, lines 20-23). Raheli does not expressly disclose converting the received plurality of data symbol samples into plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples based on the result of estimating polarities of the received data symbol samples; and estimating the SNR value such that the SNR estimate is not dependent only on the polarities of the plurality of received data symbol samples. Milan discloses a differential receiver that estimates the polarities of the received symbol samples (Fig. 3, (94) because when BPSK modulation scheme is utilized only the polarity of the signal is modulated; therefore, the polarities/signs of the received data symbols are estimated in order for the received BPSK modulated signal to be demodulated) and based on the estimation result the differential decoding is performed (Fig. 3, (98)). Since differential decoding is dependent on both the BPSK demodulated received signal and the delayed BPSK demodulated signal; therefore, the SNR estimate is not dependent only on the polarities of the plurality of received data symbol samples. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that it is obvious to estimate SNR instead of SINR when noise is considered channel noise plus interference noise or to estimate SINR instead of SNR when the noise plus interference is modeled as additive white Gaussian noise. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of Milan with Raheli in order to resolve phase ambiguity of the data signal that is BPSK modulated by employing differential detection.

09/848,259 Art Unit: 2611

As to claim 5, Raheli discloses a method of and/ or apparatus for estimating signal to noise ratio includes converting the received plurality of data symbol samples into plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples in a differential receiver by performing differential decoding and utilizing phase shift keying modulation method; and generating a SNR estimate based on the plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples (e.g. based on the result of differential decoding; Col. 2, lines 20-23). Raheli does not expressly disclose converting the received plurality of quasi-pilot symbol samples based on the estimated polarities of the received data symbol samples. Milan discloses a differential receiver that estimates the polarities of the received symbols samples (Fig. 3, (94) because when BPSK modulation scheme is utilized only the polarity of the signal is modulated; therefore, the polarities/signs of the received data symbols are estimated in order for the received BPSK modulated signal to be demodulated) and based on the estimation result performs differential decoding (Fig. 3, (98)). One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that it is obvious to estimate SNR instead of SINR when noise is considered channel noise plus interference noise or to estimate SINR instead of SNR when the noise plus interference is modeled as additive white Gaussian noise. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of Milan with Raheli in order to resolve phase ambiguity of the data signal that is BPSK modulated by employing differential detection.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2 and 4 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Willes et al (US 2002/0064218) see figure 3, blocks 308 and 309.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Page 7

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Freshteh N. Aghdam whose telephone number is 571-

272-6037. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on 571-272-3042. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Freshteh Aghdam Examiner

Art Unit 2611

November 27, 2007

CHIEH M FAN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER